

**PRICE THREEPENCE**

**P**IANOFORTE.—Finishing LESSONS given by competent instructress. Terms—Quarterly, \$1.

**PADDINGTON HIGH SCHOOL.**—Mr. CHAPMAN, principal, announces that the next week's STUDIES will be carried on at his PRIVATE RESIDENCE, in Underwood-street, when they will resume on the 1st of September at Underwood-street. Vacancies for a few day pupils. Evening classes for adults. Gayndah Cottage, Underwood-street.

**SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.**—The Spring Term commences MONDAY, July 13th, and concludes FRIDAY, September 18th.

W. J. STEPHENS, Head Master.

**ST. MARY'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL**, Macquarie Fields, Liverpool-road, near the G. S. R. L., at Macquarie Fields, commences on THURSDAY, July 16th, instant, at which hour impositions will take effect.

G. F. MARTIN, Principal.

**SUNBURY HOUSE**, Cleveland Paddocks.—Miss J. HEEVEE begs to announce that the School Vacation will commence on the 20th instant. School duties will be resumed on MONDAY, the 13th of July.

**SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL** for the year 1890, commences on the 1st of September, at Mrs. TAIT begs to intimate that the mid-winter holidays began on the 19th ultimo, and will terminate on the 22nd July.

There are vacancies for two boarders.

**SCHOOL, WINDSOR.**—The holidays will end on MONDAY next, the 13th inst.

Terms (payable in advance): Boarders, 216 per quarter; day scholars, 108. Tuition, 25s. per quarter. (The family boarders, 150 per quarter.)

Day boys, 4s. and 4s. 3d. per quarter.  
For further particulars apply to the Rev. C. F. Gwynne, 10, St. George's Road, Falmouth.

**SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL**, Compton Cottage, Waverley. — Miss GRIFFIN will be prepared to receive, on the 10th of August, a limited number of boarders and day scholars. The school affords all the branches of a sound English education, with French, German, music, singing, dancing, and drawing, in which also will be assisted by efficient masters.

**REMOVED** to Mrs. Throsby, Throsby Park; Mrs. Broughton, Broughtonworth; Mrs. Brown Cooverly; Mrs. A. Osborne, Marshall Mount.

**THE KING'S SCHOOL, PARLAMATTA** — The 15th instant. L. J. TROLLOPE, head master.

**THE MISSES HOOPER** will receive their Pupils on MONDAY, 20th instant. 23, Upper Port-street, Falmouth.

**THE MISSES COOKSLEY**, Caribona, Darlington-street. — The duties of the SCHOOL will be RESUMED on TUESDAY, the 21st instant.

**THE DUTIES of Miss GREEN'S School** will be resumed on MONDAY, the 13th instant. Vacancies for boarders and day scholars.

**THE PREPARATORY SCHOOL for Young Gentlemen** from 5 to 10 years of age (removed from 47, Molesey-street to Waverley House, Waverley) will re-open on MONDAY, the 13th instant.

**JUST RECEIVED**, ex Gala, a fresh supply of "Reminiscences of New South Wales," by H. THERY. J. J. MOORE, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

**JUST PUBLISHED**, price £3 5s., vol. 1, "Reports of Cases, argued and determined in the Supreme Court of New South Wales," by W. H. WILKINSON, Esq., and William Owen, Esq., Barristers at Law. Sydney: published by J. J. MOORE, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

**JUST PUBLISHED**, price 2s. 6d., "The Geographical History of New South Wales," by W. Wilkins, Esq., Chief Surveyor-General. Sydney: published by J. J. MOORE, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

**JUST PUBLISHED**, price 1s., part 1, "Elementary Treatise on the Drawing Book," with general instructions, by J. Fowler, drawing master. Sydney: published by J. J. MOORE, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

**ON THE EVIDENCE OF ACCOMPLICES**, by J. H. Plunkett, Esq. 3s. MOORE, George-st., and all bookellers.

**JUST RECEIVED**, June Number of THE SOUTHERN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Price, One Shilling. Number 20. BY GORDON and GOTOH, Hanover-street, Sydney.

**SELECT PIANOFORTE MUSIC.**

35 Artista's Il Bacio, Valze brillante, 35; Dueh, 35  
 Edarzuze's La Catedral, 30; Mago 30; La Pal Escote, 30  
 La Priere d'une Vierge, 24; La Priere  
 expresse, 35; Dueh, 45  
 Crapote's Dern Valz, 26; 26d  
 Crapote's Le Pense a toi, Etude Valz, 16 6d  
 Fraule's Ever des Treis (Fantaisie de Salon), 35  
 Gaudin's Barcarole de Oubien (Fantasia), 35  
 Gaudin's (Wilhelm) Les Deux Amis, 35; Le Concert, 45  
 de Gran's (Durand) Il Corricolo, Galop brillante, 35  
 Kruger's La Huppo Eleonore (Rivier), 35  
 Lindahl's La Huppo Eleonore, 35; Les Chinos, 35  
 Midnight Chimes, 35; Vesper, 35  
 Penar's (Ernest) La Cascade, Morceau de concert, 45 6d  
 Richel's Les Deux Amis, Spirit, how My Frayr (Leur-  
 tise), 35  
 "Nisaid's spelt (Lullaby), 35; Chime angie, Beating  
 full, 35  
 Trakel's (J. Theodore), 30 Mago's Harp (Rhapsodie),  
 35 6d  
 La priere d'une mere (Rivier), 35  
 Wallace (W. Vincent) Savoir des Indes Orientales  
 meloso, 35  
 J. R. Clark's Elise, 35; Twilight, romantic, 26  
 street.  
 MARSH'S Music Repository, 356, George  
 street.

POST PUBLISHED.—Be Kind to the Lov'd Ones  
 Home, the favourite Chorus Minstrel's song, sung by  
 Mr. O. Stewart, 2d. 6d. In a few days, the song "Fair  
 Exchange," as sung by Mr. Sutter, in Caledonia, price  
 2nd. 6d.

**R**ECORDS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF RANDWICK, from the 1st January, 1863, to 30th June, 1863.

Dn.

January 30th.

To interest on mortgage council chambers ..	£28 0
Advertising .. .. .	5
Stationery .. .. .	1
Salaries to late council clerks .. .. .	4 15
Postage and candles .. .. .	36 15
Blacksmith's work .. .. .	1 9
Ratling gravel .. .. .	15
Sundry minor works .. .. .	15 6
Fecion A .. .. .	36 19
" B .. .. .	62 19
" C .. .. .	67 17
" D .. .. .	0 12
" E .. .. .	286 10
Balance in bank .. .. .	
	<b>\$665 1 1</b>

Cn.

January 1st.

By balance 1st Australian Joint Stock Bank ..	£123 17
" 1st Lieut Secretary's hands .. .. .	1 9

April 20th.

Government endowment for the year ending 31st December, 1862 .. .. .	140 0
June 30th.	

Municipal rates collected from January 1st to 30th June, 1893

12	10
371	4
\$855	10

I certify the foregoing account to be correct.

CHAS. MOORE, Chairman.

We certify that all the books of accounts and vouchers or other documents in support thereof, in possession of the Municipal Council of Radwick, have been exhibited to us and that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the same, and that the Council are in full correspondence with the several books of account and vouchers and other documents.

JOHN RICHARDSON,  
JAMES POWELL, } Auditors.

Radwick, 9th July.

**TO BLACKSMITHS.—THE LEASE AND GOODWILL OF THE LEADING BUSINESS to be disposed of.**  
There are two cheels and two first rates of smiths' tools complete. Apply to J. ELSTON, Newbourn.

**FOR SALE, cheap, pair of Plate Glass DOORS, with shutters complete; also, several second-hand Complete and Gooden and a set of Sixteen new doors with lears complete. E. HEAD, builder, Pitt-street, opposite the Theatre.**

**SHOP FRONTS, Fittings, and every description of Joiner's work done on the shortest notice at E. HEAD, builder, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Theatre.**

Estimates given for alterations of any kind.

**OPERA, FIELD, and MARINE GLASSES.**



PARRAMATTA.

stead of wasting its time in this way, it does not devote itself to the consideration of useful and practical measures."

The *Zurich Affair* took a quite scornful upon the subject of responsible government. For example— "The Colonies, in their simplicity, fondly believe that they can be like England. So did the frog in the pond believe that he could swell himself to the dimensions of the crocodile. The result of his attempt was dismal and the extreme. It is equally true of England that she foster this self-delusion in her colonies. The people are told that they shall have self-government, and shall do with their own as they like. Yet they never agree to petition for a constitution, and a constitution they accordingly get, but when they have worked it for some time they find that there is a hitch somewhere, that the running costs are in sailing, that it is worth, and arrive at the comfortable conclusion that it was not so planned upon them as a constitution is nothing more than a make-believe, an ingenuous kind of Generacism. In the seventh year—we have almost say in the responsible government. Not that this is not asserted many a year ago, but our knowledge of such things being for the most part very superficial, we use some time to make out clearly what was meant by it, which have taken place in our political vocabulary. The discovery will probably be—that we cannot get it, but that are more things that we cannot get. Where is our national strength, that bond of union without which no political strength is conceivable, come from?"

appeared for the compl

Secretary will probably be—that we cannot get out of it but that we might as well take the change that we cannot get. There is our national feeling, and the kind of union which we have, and which no political strength is contraindicated to come from?"

**THE NEW VICTORIAN ELECTORAL ACT.**  
*(From the Argus.)*

THE ACT to amend the Laws Relating to Parliamentary Elections, which received the assent of his Excellency the Governor on Tuesday last, consists of 133 clauses, and is divided into twenty schedules. The measure was first introduced into the Legislative Assembly in February, Mr. Ireland and Mr. Wood securing its passage through the House. It was then referred to a select committee, the members of which were Messrs. Ireland, Wood, and Macleay. Its completion was considerably retarded by the illness of Mr. Ireland, and the measure was not passed through Parliament. Amendments came in, and the bill was twice introduced, but the number had not been accepted. At the present session, the measure was again introduced, and its principal features were preserved. We refer to the principle of casting upon the individual elector the burden of the election, the cost and trouble of registration and the election, and the substitution of private and written for public and oral nomination. The Act makes no change in the existing mode of voting, and the elector, by virtue of his franchise, is enabled to enjoy his rights undisturbed so long as he complies with the conditions to residence and registration.

The Act divides the electors of the country into two classes, ratepayers and non-ratepayers. The names of the ratepayers are taken from the rate-books, and

evasions under the present

able to the parties (section 66), it being the business of every town clerk and every shire council or rural board secretary to transmit between the first and 15th of each month a copy of the roll of electors to the clerk of the district, and a copy of the list of ratepayers to the district registrar. The ratepaying electors must be at the trouble of registering themselves, and taking out documents which entitle them to the rights of electors. They have to apply to the registrar for the right of division of the district in which they claim to vote, and having shown his title by answer to certain pre-arranged questions, will, in the presence of the registrar, and in the presence of the electors, be kept for the purpose, and also severally in the body of the district (underfoot) of an elector's right, and to pay to the registrar the sum of 1s., whereupon the registrar, after ascertaining that the applicant's name is not on the roll of ratepayers, will issue to him a certificate of the district, will sign and issue the aforesaid elector's right (section 16). The residence required to entitle a person to an elector's right is twelve months, and the elector's right is valid for three months in any division of the district, and the elector's right (section 10), and provision is made for the issue of a transferred elector's right," and the cancelling of the elector's right in the event of the removal of the elector from one division of the district to another (section 9). The bill, as originally framed, proposed that the elector should reside for twelve months in the district or shire which he claimed to vote, in order to be entitled to

the Hon. G. Robertson.  
a number of questions.

The holder thereof of \_\_\_\_\_

The blank to be filled here for occupation of whose name is legal  
owner, is entitled, being duly enrolled, to vote at election  
held, being qualified in respect of numbered unit or census  
district.

Signature of registrar \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of holder \_\_\_\_\_  
(A.B.) above named.

\_\_\_\_\_ day \_\_\_\_\_ 1955.

These certificates will have "butts" or countersignatures, and will be numbered consecutively; and from them the ordinary electoral rolls are compiled.

influential gentlemen occur

gation on giving a satisfactory explanation to the registrar, and paying a fee of 1s. (section 23). In the original bill there was a provision that no substituted section's right should be issued within ten days of its section. The Legislative Assembly reduced the time to "two days;" the Legislative Council enlarged it to "two months;" and when the measure came back to the Lower House a further alteration was made.

District Court, on Monday, when the ship Royal Dane was en-

use to the effect that a vote under a substituted  
elector's right cannot be received at an election if the  
right be issued one month previous to the day of poll-  
ing (section 102).

If an application for a substituted elector's right,  
however, should be doubt in the mind of the registrar as  
to the identity of the hand writing of the applicant  
in that it is the "but" of the original "right," the  
matter may be referred to a police magistrate, who  
upon being satisfied with the applicant's claim, and  
with the comparison of the writing, has power to  
issue the "right" to issue (section 26). The original  
cause was the registrar's refusal to accept the

quarry at Moorabool is 1  
e value : some slabs from t

with according to law," but Parliament considered his proceeding far too summary, and directed an election.

The 28th section empowers every electoral register to issue miners' rights under the second section of the Act No. 23, and says that every person who takes at a miner's right may at the same time receive a selector's right, if entitled to such, without payment. The section was introduced at the instance of Mr. Macgregor, in order to save the mining population trouble.

The Act contains provisions for the making out of every electoral register, during the week ending the 31st of August in every year, of a general list of all persons entitled to vote in his division; and for the preparing of supplementary lists at the beginning of every January, and May. Those persons who object to the making and hearing of objections is to be sent to the register as well as every person objected to. The notice to the former is to be accompanied by a fee of one shilling (sec. 33). The register is to publish the fact of the objections having been made, and in some newspaper generally circulating in the locality.

nts for 1862, a sum of \$  
The sum for stipends

Writes for the election of members of Parliament to be issued as at present, viz., for the Council, by the Governor on the occasion of a general election; and by the Speaker at other times (Sections 68 and

uring absence." The

The existing electoral districts are in no way disturbed, but for the purposes of every general election they are (by section 71) grouped into three classes. The elections for the districts named in the first class take place earlier than those named in the second class, which, again, are to be held previous to those of the third class. There is to be a lapse of not less than seven nor more than ten days between the

of refuge are full, and industrial schools are

rouping of the districts is as under:—

CLASS No. 1.

outh Bourke	Ripon and Hampden
velyn	Polwarth and South Great
orlington	villes
outh Gipps Land	Vitkiers and Hoytscary
outh Gipps Land	Dundas
ast Bourke	Wimmera
est Bourke	Normanby
albourne	Greenville
outh Great	

100



Your petitioners therefore humbly pray that your honorable House will take the above premises into your favourable consideration, with a view to the enactment of some law for the better regulation of carriage into the interior.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

In the above petition the facts of the case are succinctly set forth, and a remedy is asked in the "enactment of some law for the better regulation of carriages into the interior." What shape that better regulation is to take is, as yet, a matter of discussion only; but the first and indispensable step in the working of a better law is some system of registration by which the habitation and abiding place of any individual carrier may be known, or if necessary, ascertained. As at present conducted, carriages may be obtained from the Sydney merchant by any representative

in Burgundy, and amongst them the Hermitage in France, Italy, Sicily, and Madeira are grown in a purely volcanic soil. As a general rule, the red and chocolate soils of these districts are admirably suited to the vine, and, by testing the earth with vinegar, have frequently detected the effervescence indicating the presence of lime in them. It appears to be a mistake to suppose that rich soils are unsuited to the vine. The rich alluvial flats on the Murray have found to be adapted to the plant, especially when good drainage is afforded by an underlie of gravel. Thus a clayey soil is beneficial on a hill slope, but on a flat, where water is abundant, a gravelly subsoil is preferable. We are puzzled to say which is the best aspect

the Pedro Ximenes, and the three Roussillon will some day take the lead amongst us, we not overlook the fact that the Reims is now making excellent wine and are valuable to be cast aside. The Rhône is our hardest and surest boosters we have, and it improves every year with age. The Shiraz or Herbe grape at present occupies the first rank, its wine, and it is too valuable to be discarded. Two vines have had several years' trial in the district, and these who prefer to let well alone than to seek to develop our vine-growing capacity to their fullest extent, would do well to plant the Muscadelle and Shiraz. We say nothing about the Muscadelle, Aurore, Malbec, etc., for we know that the fewer varieties we grow the better. To many different sorts hampers the operation.

The Golden Age of the Pastoral Times of the fourth instant. Advice from the Lower Murrumbidgee and up to the lit, inform us that the former rapidly falling, having fallen five feet in this. This will prevent more fatteners from coming some time. The Lower Lachlan, on the other hand, is rising, and the weather fine. Some of the Lower Murrumbidgee, running across the way, are dangerously deep, and require bridges. The water is likely to be sacrificed, especially in the neighbourhood of Maude.

THE GOLDEN AGE OF ANOTHER HARBOR AT HARVEY. The *Audubon Liberator* is informed that another reef has been discovered at Hargrave, and the prospects of one pound weight of gold to the ton of quartz have been obtained.

**DENILQUIN STOCKS** Friday evening's passage of stock for market during the past week, but two mobs of fat cattle have gone down to Glasgow, from Nowranie, on Monday; and 1500 from Muthona, on Wednesday.

Of sheep we have none to report, except a fine Campbell's, on Wednesday. Mr. Lavender's 18600 have been sold to Mr. Hodge of Muthona, through Hugh (Power and Rutherford); and Mr. Lavender's more 10000 to Mr. Hodge. The "fat cattle" store are all heard of no further transactions.

We have heard of no rain, but the weather has been very hot, and the crops are in the neighborhood of being as late as Sydney at present condition.

Our friends at Muthona are stated to have been spotted at Sydney at an extraordinary advance.

Our Swan Hill correspondent writing last Monday the 29th June 480 fat cattle, Mr. Rice, from the on the following day 2000 fat sheep, Koro, from M.

AT. July 8.  
 Peak has been  
 On of 180,  
 "Blegg's", from  
 of 3550 feet,  
 and it is  
 of Mr. McIl-  
 will cross 2400  
 feet. We have  
 upsteadily, and  
 country in re-  
 been leased on  
 as the upst-  
 reports that  
 Darling; and  
 Mann, crossed,

books, these  
society of their  
statesmen, and  
himself to  
learn to read  
ological Gar-  
to the head  
the celebrities  
men risen thus?  
fluence in Par-  
philosophers in  
have been their  
eat much more  
Skill in in-  
ally, ears to hear  
political pow-  
ains of the great  
atesmanship by  
—Once a Week,



THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, MONDAY, JULY 13, 1863.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, MONDAY, JULY 13, 1863.

remedy is too severe, it was necessary to what proportion the diseased to the whole. The compensation insurance, and many a man who at one per cent., or even five per cent. insure at fifty per cent. He runs the risk than pay so heavy a premium, gentlemen, therefore, are not to be so at the first alarm, and when the mischief was wholly undetermined, nor was the Minister blamable in any way by a cautious policy still to be

what a swift and rigorous enforcement the law would result in. But now of uncertainty seems clearing off, and is pursued appears plainer. In this colony number nearly six per cent. scabby portion, therefore, is only one per cent.—a comparatively insignificant number. If any man owning one hundred sheep found that one of them was scabby he would be sure to kill it, and he would kill it without a moment's delay, and consider himself very well paid for it out in time, and to have

well. But this is precisely  
in which the colonists considered  
e placed. Of all the sheep we  
in every hundred and fifty is  
the disease, we have now reason-  
for believing, has not as yet  
ther. Is not it wise, therefore, to  
for mischief at once, and accept the  
the best? If an insurance of two  
cent. would guarantee the non-  
of scab, squatters would scarcely  
g to pay the charge annually  
dreaded an enemy at bay,

can be still less unwilling  
once, after several years  
n. Supposing all the sheep  
be destroyed were valued at  
n rate of ten shillings, the total  
rid of the scab would only be  
pounds, while to let the disease  
be to lose scores of thousands of  
we were to calculate that the  
n the value of a flock of sheep in  
of their becoming scabby averaged  
a head—and this is certainly a  
allowance, considering the cost  
curative measures.

slaughterhouse processes, the diminished value of the inferior carcase, and the loss of the stock for taking up new Queensland,—then the difference in the relative value of six million sound sheep would be represented by no more than £600,000.

It is proposed to extirpate the disease by the following measures:—(1) That the disease may be adopted without in the future involving the assumption that it is incurable. Leaving out of consideration the merits of the different remedies have been proposed, and admitting that the disease may be cured, and admitting

play in trying them is too great. The bill has been recently shown in scale in South Australia. That recently declared to have freed from the disease, a late post, a document proposing a testimonial to the State for his energetic exertions, to ascertain result is mainly ascribable to which we allude states that at the year 1855, when Mr. H. T. appointed Chief Inspector of Sheep, about 100,000 scabby sheep in the

hat by the beginning of 1862 the  
been extirpated. Since, however,  
latory movement was started, the  
appeared again on the south-  
tary, having been communicated  
contiguous runs in Victoria.  
new that by assiduous attention  
successive years the disease may  
but also that there will always be  
eived infection if one colony, like  
ains unpurified. Some persons  
to Victoria as a proof that the  
it is widely spread cannot be got

we based this assertion on the fact  
ny is no freer from scab now than  
ars ago. But such a conclusion is  
as it would be unpalatable. It  
rs to effect a thorough purification.  
be done, and we have no  
done. It is only quite recently  
orians have adopted the stringent  
of the South Australian Scab Act;  
some improvement has been  
Moreover, the new pastoral law—  
tain lease, with compensation for  
s in case the land is resumed—

encing, and facilitate, as well as  
curative operations.

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## ALPHIO DESPATCHES.

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[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

### YOUNG.

Sunday, 7 p.m.

tomorrow takes 1028 ounces.

Mr-General of Police left here to-day,  
with Captain Zouch, to make police ar-  
rests at Murumburrah.

Mr-Murumburrah arrived here this evening from the

**DROWNING.**—Yesterday afternoon, a Mary Poole, eighteen months old, was smothered, and upon a search being made nothing was found dead in the water at Clerp-street, nor far from her parents'.

**BURNING.**—A man named William has been employed at one of the abattoirs, and, was received into the infirmary for Thursday last, having been burnt by

**ACCIDENT.**—A horse and dray, belonging to the late Mrs. John Pickett, who was crossing the Picton line, near Pictou, on Thursday last, when the second train was approaching. Before the train could stop, collision took place—the horse being killed and the vehicle smashed.

**LOCHINVAR** is actively employed in preparing material for the first volume on Australia, which it is expected will be in course of a few months.

**BE IN THE RAILWAY CHARGES.**—We are at the settlers at Lochinvar, Braxton, Creek are so dissatisfied with the recent charges upon the Great Northern they have already ceased to send the train to Mailford and rather than con-  
cave to be exorbitant freight, they have taken for the conveyance of their  
This traffic amounted to a large sum  
attend Ensign of Saturday.

**ARROWROOT.**—We have seen (says the Ensign) two very interesting samples of

raised by Mr. Melshimor from a man  
attached to his cottage in the Horse  
the soil is sandy, and the situation near  
The first was a sample of cotton,  
fine; the second, one of arrowroot, of  
quality. Mr. Melshimor has grown enough  
to supply his family for a year, using it for  
and, also freely as food.

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Library of Australia



## ARRIVAL

OF THE  
RANGATIRA (s.), AT ADELAIDE,  
WITH  
ENGLISH MAIL  
PER MADRAS.

(The following was published in a second edition of the Herald at 1 p.m. on Saturday.)

RELATIONS BETWEEN ENGLAND AND  
NORTHERN STATES FRIENDLY.  
DEATH OF GENERAL STONEWALL  
JACKSON.  
GENERAL CAMERON TO REMAIN IN  
COMMAND IN NEW ZEALAND.  
DIFFICULTIES ABOUT THE SUEZ  
CANAL.

EXTENSIVE ENLISTMENT IN IRELAND  
FOR THE FEDERAL ARMY.  
NEWS OF THE BATTLES AT CHANCELLORVILLE  
CONFIRMED.—FEDERAL  
LOSS, 20,000; CONFEDERATES, 18,000.  
FEDERAL SUCCESS ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

TWO BRITISH VESSELS BURNED BY  
THE ALABAMA.  
INSURRECTION IN POLAND  
SPREADING.

Saturday, 11th July, 1 p.m.

[FROM OUR KING GEORGE'S SOUND SPECIAL  
TELEGRAPHIC CORRESPONDENT.]

The Rangatira arrived at Glenelg with South  
Australian mails at 8 a.m., 93 hours passage.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Madras,  
Captain Stead, arrived at King George's Sound  
at 3 a.m., on the 7th instant. She left Galle on  
the 11th ultimo.

Owing to an accident to her machinery she  
was partially disabled shortly after leaving  
Galle, and since the 1st June could only use  
one engine. Expected to leave the Sound all  
right at 4 p.m. on the 8th instant. Captain  
Pascoe, R.N., in charge of the mails.

PASSENGERS.  
For Sydney: 1st class, Mrs. Hansard, Mr.  
and Mrs. Whately, Messrs. Walter Anderson,  
Royds, Fitzgerald, Colegate, Travers, Munro,  
Foster, and Gibb. Per Rangatira (from King  
George's Sound): Mr. Lawson.

For Melbourne: 1st class, Messrs. Paterson,  
Brodie, and Woodville. 2nd class, Messrs.  
Bain, Mahony, Cream, and Johnston.

GENERAL SUMMARY.  
LONDON, May 26th.

The Australian March Mails were delivered  
in London on the 16th and 21st May.

The Queen left for Scotland on the 14th of  
May, and intends returning on the 7th June.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are going  
a round of gaiety.

The vacant Garter is to be conferred on Earl  
Grey.

No candidate has yet offered for the City of  
London.

The Parliamentary news dull, but better  
relations are established between England and  
the Northern States on the vexed question of  
international law.

The proposals of New South Wales and New  
Zealand to establish a mail service via Panama,  
has been positively declined by the British  
Government.

The districts in Lancashire and manufacturing  
districts is slowly decreasing.

The Government proposes to employ 70,000  
of the unemployed on municipal works, and the  
reclamation of waste lands, under the superin-  
tendence of the Board of Health.

One thousand emigrants left Manchester  
April 28th, en route for New Zealand.

Recruiting for the Federal army extensively  
carried on in Ireland; emigration to America  
estimated at upwards of 5000 persons per  
week.

The garotting panic is over, the House of  
Commons having passed a bill for flogging  
garotters.

Transportation to Queensland and Northern  
Costs of Australia now talked of.

The Times says "Government fully recog-  
nize the difficulties of the New Zealand ques-  
tion, but requires from the latter a  
policy towards the natives the most prudent  
and liberal in return for protection afforded  
them by the Queen's troops at the cost of Great  
Britain."

The Royal Geographical Society awarded  
gold watches, bearing honorary inscriptions, to  
Lamborough, McKintay, and Walker.

The long-sought-for sources of the White  
Nile have been discovered by Captains Speke  
and Grant to be a lake 4000 feet above the  
level of the sea, four degrees south of the  
Equator.

Livingstone's expedition is to be recalled.

The cutting of the Suez Canal is likely to be  
stopped by the Sublime Porte, should great  
difficulties and alterations not be made.

It is not granted the Porte will return the  
many all money they expended.

The Secretary of War has overruled the  
decision of the Horse Guards, and General  
Cameron will continue in command of the force  
in New Zealand.

The postage rates via Marseilles have been  
advanced 1d. per quarter ounce.

The Boat Race for the Championship of the  
World, between Chambers and Green, causes  
much attention and speculation. Green is in  
hard training.

The American champion, Hamill, declares  
he can whip either of them.

THE DERBY DAY.  
The Derby Day was very wet. The Prince  
of Wales present. The Derby Stakes, value  
£7000.

Macaroni .. 1  
Lord Clifden (the favourite) .. 2  
Rapid Rhone .. 3  
Blue Mantle .. 4

THE OAKS.  
The Oaks won by an outsider.  
Queen Bertha .. 1  
Margold .. 2  
Vivid .. 3  
Value of Stakes, £5050.

OBITUARY.  
Lord Massereene, Lady Beaton, Sir Augustus  
Warren, Lord Hatherford, David Boswell Reid,  
Western Wood, and William Younghouse and  
Chief Secretary of South Australia.

## AMERICA

New York, May 14th.

On the 2nd and 3rd May, two tremendous  
engagements took place at Chancellorsville,  
between the Confederates under Lee and Stone-  
wall Jackson and Federal General  
Frederick B. Hooker. Both armies fought with  
bravery, and the slaughter was awful.

The Federals were again totally defeated, their  
loss estimated at 20,000 men, 8000 prisoners,  
and 30 pieces of artillery.

The Confederate loss was about 18,000  
placed hors de combat.

On April 29th, General Hooker effected the  
passage of the Rappahannock at two points  
about two miles distant from each other, with  
an effective army of 100,000 men, encounter-  
ing little opposition while crossing.

His plan was to press quickly on  
with his right wing to the rear of the Con-  
federates, and thus place them between two  
bodies of his army, and thereby cut off the  
Confederate communications with Richmond.

Hooker was so confident of the success of this  
move as to boast that the expected  
engagement would annihilate the  
Southern armies, but on May 2nd, that indom-  
itable soldier, General Stonewall Jackson, by a  
secret and swift march, suddenly fell upon the  
Federal's right wing, with 40,000 of the  
best troops of the Confederacy; the  
onslaught was so tremendous and crushing,  
that a universal panic spread through whole  
regiments; the Federals threw down their arms  
and fled; all attempts to rally them were vain,  
and Jackson pushing furiously on, nearly turned  
the Federal flank. Next morning Jackson  
renewed the attack; the battle raged fiercely  
for three hours and a half, and again  
the Federals repulsed, and again they  
fled, pursued by Jackson's divisions. Sheer  
exhaustion at last closed the fight and pursuit.

The fierce and unsurpassed attack of Jackson  
placed the Federals in such a position that  
they could only extricate themselves by flight;  
and on the 5th May, the famous army of  
the Potomac, beaten at all points, again re-  
treated to its former lines.

In Sunday's battle Stonewall Jackson re-  
ceived two wounds, by mistake, unfortunately,  
from his own men; one in his arm, amputated,  
was resorted to, but the Southern Hero died  
under the effects, aged thirty-eight, with the  
regret of all admirers of true greatness  
and genius, combined with strong religious  
faith.

The Federal General Barry was also killed.

Most conflicting accounts of the above en-  
gagements agitated public feeling in the North.

The Government prohibited the telegraph wires  
being used for transmission of real facts,  
while reports were industriously circulated  
that Hooker was victorious and in possession  
of Richmond, in spite of the crushing defeat  
and retreat of the Federals. General Hooker,  
in a pompous address to his army, denies that  
a general battle had been fought. It  
was, he says, merely a withdrawal from the  
Rappahannock for strategic reasons, and not  
a retreat.

This gasconading is characterised by even  
the New York Press as a boastful and arrogant  
lie.

The Federals have captured Grand Gulf,  
on the Mississippi, and General Grant  
reports that he defeated the Confederates, and  
Jackson's reinforcements arrived from Chles-  
town and Mobile to assist in the defence of  
Jackson and Vicksburg.

The Federal General Stoneman made a suc-  
cessful cavalry raid at the rear of Lee's army,  
and penetrated to within two miles of Rich-  
mond.

Great riots in the North, owing to Mr.  
Vallandigham's arrest and sentence of  
banishment.

The Federal Government intend to enforce  
the conscription forthwith.

All the ironclads have been repaired at Port  
Royal, and preparations are making for another  
attack on Charleston.

The Confederates are still concentrating  
large bodies of troops near New Orleans.

Jackson, on the Mississippi, at rear of Vicks-  
burg, is invested by General Grant's forces.

The Alabama burnt two British vessels and  
cargoes. Captain Semmes will be involved in  
serious difficulty through this.

The trial of the Peterhoff is postponed.

Several Federal regiments, their terms of  
service having expired, positively refuse to  
serve again.

No confidence is to be placed in the many  
rumours extensively circulated in the Northern  
States, namely, that an armistice had been  
agreed upon, and European intervention  
accepted.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE,  
Gold, 149½.  
Exchange, 164.  
Stocks firm.  
Cotton 63 cents.  
Broadstuffs heavy and lower, as also pro-  
visions.

Sugar fair, at 16 and 2 cents.

CANADA.  
The Ministry was defeated on the 7th May,  
on a want of confidence motion, by a majority  
of five. A dissolution and general election is  
expected.

CONTINENTAL NEWS.  
The Budget passed by a large majority.  
The Corps Legislatif was dissolved on May  
8th.

The new elections engage unusual attention  
in France. The Government is making great  
efforts to defeat M. Thiers, M. M. Berryer,  
Marie O'Dillon Barrot, and Count De Mon-  
telembert, who are candidates.

The increased expenditure of the Govern-  
ment since the first year of the Empire, eleven  
years ago, attracts considerable attention; the  
people cry out for retrenchment and reform.

MEXICO.  
News from Puebla to 23rd April.  
Accounts are conflicting; the Mexicans re-  
port that the French troops had to fall back to  
Amulcan, and that Puebla still successfully  
resisted all French attacks.

RUSSIA AND POLAND.  
The solution of the Polish question is as far  
off as ever. The insurrection rages.  
A decree of the National Government calls  
upon the Poles to unite and rise simultaneously  
on the 1st of June.

Desperate conflicts are of daily occurrence,  
the Russians, as usual, committing barbarous  
atrocities.

Holland, Denmark, and Portugal have pro-  
tested in the same spirit as the English  
note against the existing state of affairs  
in Poland, but Prince Gortschakoff's  
reply was a clear piece of diplomacy,  
conceding nothing—admitting nothing—pro-  
posing nothing—promising nothing—and its  
appearing to do one and all.

The only friend Russia has in this emergency  
is Prussia.

## PRUSSIA.

The constitutional struggle has reached a  
culminating point, namely, complete and ap-  
parently hopeless estrangement between the  
Chamber and Crown. The responsible advisers  
of the King refuse to enter the Chamber, or  
take part in its proceedings; a complete  
dead lock is thus established. The  
King is evidently falling in health, and an  
abdication in favour of the Crown Prince is  
spoken of.

## GREECE.

Although Prince William of Denmark has  
been proclaimed King of Greece, agitators are  
forming in Athens against his election.  
It is reported as probable that a joint oc-  
cupation of the country by England and France  
is on the tapis.  
Greek troops have been committing serious  
outrages.

## ITALY.

The Italian Parliament has commenced a  
new session, opened by the King in person,  
who made a most liberal speech.

## TURKEY.

Latest telegrams state that a detachment of  
Italian Volunteers landed at Duizoo, and an  
Italian squadron was cruising off the Albanian  
coast, causing much uneasiness.

## LATEST INDIAN NEWS.

Telegraphic orders from the Secretary of  
State for India to the Government of Bombay,  
to fortify Bombay Harbour, have been received.  
Business active. The cotton crop abundant.  
Money continues dear.

FRUITS.—To Liverpool: Cotton £2 10s.  
To London: Cotton, £2 15s. to £3.  
To China: 4 rupees per candy; to Calcutta  
and back, 20 rupees.

Galle, 17th June.—Latest from Hongkong,  
30th May. Exchange on London—Bank bills  
4s. 10d. Shanghai to 22nd May.—Exchange  
on London 6s. 6d. In Bombay, 310 rupees.  
In Calcutta, 30 rupees.

## JAPAN.

The Japanese authorities ask for ten days  
more time to consider the terms of the Ultima-  
tum.

The native servants at Yokohama were leaving  
the employ of foreigners and behaving dis-  
orderly. Merchants have transferred their stores  
and valuables on board ships. The prospect of  
a peaceful settlement of the Japan difficulty  
considered very small.

## MONETARY AND COM-

## MERCIAL.

Tuesday Evening, May 26th.  
Business on the Stock Exchange is limited.  
The English funds were firm.  
Consols, 92½; for money, 92½ to 1½ ex div. for  
9th June.

DISCOUNT.—Demands at Bank moderate;  
rate in open market—best bills 3 and ½ to 5.  
Short loans offered at 3 per cent.

The principal feature in the foreign markets  
is a decline of the Confederate loans to one  
fourth on receipt of the news of Stonewall  
Jackson's death.

The Board of Trade returns for March are  
again satisfactory.

Increase of exports 6 per cent. more than  
March, 1862.

A meeting of the shareholders of the London  
Chartered Bank of Australia is called for the  
5th June, to declare a dividend.

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.  
New South Wales 5 per cent., 1866, 102½ to  
103½. Victoria 6 per cent., April and October,  
110½ to 111½.

WOOL REPORTS.—Sales commenced in  
April. Prices ruled, the first few evenings, 1d.  
to 1½d. lower than in March; but large pur-  
chases for foreign accounts, amounting to fully  
one-half of all offered to date, caused a firmer  
tone, and rates are now on an average equal to  
last sales. Sales expected to close at fair  
prices.

Arrivals for next sale 25,000 bales.

EXPORTS.  
Shipments to Melbourne and Geelong, for  
the past month, £522,782, against £232,142  
in March and April; increase, £290,640.

The augmentation principally in drapery,  
apparel, and wrought leather. On  
and butter again lower; hardware, paints, oils,  
corks, provisions, and candles shipped freely.

To Sydney and Moreton Bay.—Shipments for  
the month, 2224,684, against 2246,327 for pre-  
vious month, showing a decline of £21,643.

The shipments of drapery are about the same,  
saddlery lower, also corn and red and white  
wine; spirits and beer show an increase.

To Adelaide, for the month, show an increase  
of £61,622 over previous month.

The New Zealand exports show an increase  
of £1762.

## PRODUCE MARKET.

Hides.—Steady trade for Australia, except  
for heavy descriptions, which declined eighth  
of a penny per lb.

Leather.—Australian in limited demand and  
rather lower.

Horns and Bones lower. No sales during  
the week.

Whalebone remains quiet. Southern held  
for £420; Northern, £500.

Skins.—Fine wool sold at an advance.

Bark.—Mimosa declined, 5s. to 10s. Markets  
quiet.

Tallow.—Market steady. Holders firm.  
Prices, 43s. 6d. on spot to June delivery.  
Large stocks on hand.

Oils.—Good business in linseed. Colonial,  
best, sold at 44s. to 47s. 6d.; inferior, 39s. to  
42s. 8d.; colonial sperm, £83 to £83 10s.;  
pale seal, £48 to £48 10s.

Spirits.—Markets continue dull; few sales.  
Metals.—Extensive business in tin. Copper  
dull of sale; Burma, 294; Kapunda, 294  
to 295.

Sugar markets very dull. Small business  
doing at a decline of 1s. per cwt. Stock, 16,000  
tons more than last year.

Coffee and rice in less active demand at  
slightly reduced prices.

Corn.—Wheat market firm. Barley and oats  
advanced in price.

## SHIPPING.

ARRIVED.—From Sydney: Woolloomooloo,  
sailed January 14; Star of Peace, January 13;  
Annie Archbold, January 13; Queen Bee,  
January 29. From Melbourne: Water Nymph,  
Calliope, From Adelaide: Irene, Lady Nym-  
phington, Sea Star. Other Ports: Aphrodite,  
Nelson, Cornelle, Windward, Caroline Ada,  
Neighlor.

DEPARTURES.—For Sydney: Thane, Arab  
Steed, Shackamaxon, Maria Hay, Devonshire,  
Spiffire, T. Marshall, Westburn, Jason, and  
William Duthie. For Melbourne: Queen of  
Australia, Devonshire, Omar Pacha, Donald  
McKay, Prince of Wales, Scottish Chief,  
Royal Visitor, Southern Ocean, Western  
Ocean, Revenue, Paja, Star of India; Duonella,  
from Rotterdam; and Suffern, from Charente.  
For Queensland: Young Australia, Balana, and  
Winterthur.

## LATEST NEWS.

Governments of England, France, and Austria  
have again simultaneously addressed notes  
to the Russian Government on the Polish  
question, urging clemency, the grant of free  
institutions, and the fulfilment of the Treaty  
of 1815.

The Throne of Greece still remains vacant.  
The Greeks refuse to acknowledge the Danish  
King.

Insurrection in Poland spreading.  
The Russian troops mostly defeated.

Amnesty by the Russian Government again  
rejected.

Bank rate of discount 4 per cent.  
Money in demand.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.  
A MEETING of the Municipal Council of Sydney was held at  
the Town Hall, this afternoon (Monday), at three o'clock, for con-  
sidering the following resolutions, proposed by Mr. Alderman  
Byrnes: That the report of the Finance Com-  
mittee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry  
accounts, be adopted.

By Alderman Aiken: That the report of the Improvement Com-  
mittee, received on the 29th ultimo, recommending that the gal-  
lery on the west side of the Cathedral-street, between the  
place and Brougham-place, be repaired or renewed, at a cost  
not exceeding £250, be adopted.

By Alderman Brougham: That the report of the Improvement Com-  
mittee, received on the 29th ultimo, recommending that the gal-  
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MONDAY, JULY 13, 1863

MONDAY, 13th July, 1863.

To close various accounts.

Saddlery  
Plated Harness  
Chamois Skins  
Basketware  
Deer Skin Buckets, for Diggers  
Persian Carpets, &c.  
To Saddlery and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bath  
Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 13th July,  
at 1 o'clock precisely  
The above goods, to close accounts.  
No reserve.  
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 13th July, 1863.

130 Casks Cement.

To Builders, Contractors, and others,  
**JOHN G. COHEN** will sell, at the Best  
 Auction Rooms, **THIS DAY, 13th July**  
 3, at 11 o'clock precisely,  
 130 casks cement.

*Terms at sale.*

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**TUESDAY, 14th July, 1863.**

Barthenware and Glassware.  
 To Barthenware Buyers and others.

**JOHN G. COHEN** will sell, at the Best  
 Auction Rooms, on **TUESDAY, 14th July**  
 3, at 11 o'clock precisely,  
 30 crates earthenware  
 17 packages glassware.

Detailed particulars will be advertised.

*Terms at sale.*

---

**WEDNESDAY, 15th July, 1863.**

Congon and Hysonskin Teas  
 Sage, Arrowroot, Tapioca  
 Confectionery, Jujube  
 Ficklen, pint and quart; assorted Sweets  
 Salad Oil, half-pint, pint, and quart  
 Everett's Blacking, Viagara, &c., &c.

To Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.

**JOHN G. COHEN** will sell, at the Best  
 Auction Rooms, on **WEDNESDAY, 15th July**  
 3, at 11 o'clock precisely,  
 Surplus of the above goods.

Terms at sale.  
 Usual Monthly Tobacco Sale.  
 Positive Unreserved Auction Sale of  
 Negrohead and Ceylanhead Tobacco.  
 To Tobaccoists  
 To Wholesale and Retail Grocers  
 To Buyers for the Interior  
 To Shippers, and others.  
 OHN G. COHEN has received instructions  
 to sell, by auction, at Leigh's Bonded Store,  
 on the Water Police Court, on THURSDAY  
 July, 1863, at 11 o'clock precisely,  
 the undermentioned parcels of tobacco, viz:  
 NEGROHEAD  
 H 741-6 quarter-Hercos Diana  
 X 709-6 casso Allen's Tiger  
 A 763-7 ditto ditto  
 W769-10 ditto ditto  
 CAVENDISH.  
 Hall-Pointe.  
 M 731-22 casso Thais  
 M 741-3 ditto Sherry.  
 THENS.  
 W718-10 2-boxes Star- X 799-6 ditto Becker  
 Night X 759-6 2-boxes Roach  
 W710-10 ditto ditto Q 771-6 ditto Lucy Nel  
 W66-10 4-boxes Woodrow  
 Terms at sale.  
 Weekly Produce Sale.  
 Wool, Sheepskins, Tallow, Hides, &c.  
 TUESDAY, 14th July, at 11 o'clock prompt.

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell  
by auction, at their Produce Store, George  
on TUESDAY, 14th July, at 11 o'clock, namely,  
Bales wool  
Sheepskins  
Hides  
Tallow, &c.

Terms at sale.

Important to Warehousemen, Drapers, Storekeepers,  
and Others.

35 Packages of Winter Drapery, Blankets, Flannels,  
Woollens and Slips, for Unreserved Auction Sale.

On TUESDAY, 14th July.

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have re-  
ceived instruction to sell by auction, at their  
elaborous, Pitt and O'Connell street, on TUESDAY,  
14th July, at half-past 10 o'clock, present  
packages of general drapery, woollens, and slaps.  
Without the slightest reserve.  
Terms, very liberal.

Scotch Seed Oats.

on account of whom it may concern.  
Ex Rose of Australia.

Hay and Corn Dealers, Livery Stable Keepers, and  
Others.

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell  
by auction, at their Produce Store, Ge-  
orge Quay, on TUESDAY, 14th July, at 11 o'clock,  
about 800 bushels superior Scotch seed oats, which

damaged. Terms, cash.

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WEDNESDAY, 16th July.

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Extensive Sale by Auction of  
Damaged and Sound Sugars  
Damaged Currants  
Teas, Groceries, &c.

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To Grocers, Merchants, Stockexperts, and others.

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ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by  
auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and  
Connell streets, on WEDNESDAY, 16th July, at 11  
o'clock.

A large quantity of goods, as above.  
Terms at sale.

---

Two Hundred Packages Seasonable Boots and Shoes.

Just arrived ex J. L. Hall.

To Boot and Shoe Makers, and Country Dealers.

---

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. are in-  
structed to sell by auction, at their Ware-  
house, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on THURSDAY, 17th  
July, at 11 o'clock,

200 packages seasonable boots and shoes.

Just landed.

Terms at sale.

---

Pura Negretti & Sape.

Ex Macassar, from Hamburg.

For positive Unreserved Sale by Auction.

---

FRIDAY, 17th July.

ESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been instructed by Messrs. Hargre and Parnell (without reserve), at their Warehouse, Parnell-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 7th July, to sell the balance of the above shipment (not offered at auction on the 9th ultimo), consisting of  
15 pure bred Negretti Ewes,  
and 31 pure bred Negretti Ewes,  
on the celebrated flock of Mr. J. P. Haddleton, in the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg, intending purchasers are invited to view the above at Messrs. O'Connell-street, any time previous to the day of sale.

**Preliminary Advertisement.**

**GEORGE-STREET, CITY OF SYDNEY.**

at very Valuable Freehold Property  
THE WOOLPACK INN,  
with the large Back of Land attached thereto,  
CLOSE to the HAYMARKET.

Title, unquestionable.  
One-half the purchase money to remain unpaid upon the property.

**MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 29th July, that extensive and very valuable premises known as THE WOOLPACK INN, situated in GEORGE-STREET, close to the HAYMARKET, and very near the CAMPBELL-STREET, and very near the HAYMARKET.**

which will be advertised in a separate notice.

...the attention of capitalists and others is directed to the disposal of the above property, which is now in the market for bona fide sale, and which, from its extensive and diverse business position, would prove a most favorable investment.







